

LEADING FROM WITHIN EMPOWER YOUR LEADERSHIP WITH EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

BY BRANDON JONES, M.A. CPPM

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR FOR MINNESOTA ASSOCIATION FOR CHILDREN'S MENTAL HEALTH (MACMH) & CONSULTANT



TRAINER: BRANDON JONES, M.A.

- Executive Director of Minnesota Association for Children's Mental Health
- A Professor, Consultant, and former Psychotherapist
- B.A. in Sociology from the University of Minnesota, a Masters in Community Psychology from Metropolitan State University, and a Masters in Psychotherapy (MFT) from Adler Graduate School
- 2013 Bush Foundation Leadership Fellow, '23 Culture of Health Leadership Institute for Racial Healing Fellow, '23 New Leadership Council Fellow

MY GOAL FOR TODAY



- My only Goal of the day is to get you to Shift your Lens
- Expand your Worldview
- **Disrupt** Your Current Thought Process.
- Provide some Context



- Sense of Social Support
- Sense of Meaning and Purpose
- Sense of Effectiveness
- Ultimately, Sustainability is being Proactive with your selfcare.



- Wellbeing Wheel -



Dimensions:

Environment:

Personal Environment Relationship with Nature Global Environmental Health

Health:

Diet & Nutrition **Physical Activity** Sleep Thoughts & Emotions Stress Mastery

Relationships: Personal Relationships

Security:

Safety Facing Fear Relationship to Money

Life Purpose Spirituality

Community: Community Wellbeing

additional resources available at https://www.takingcharge.csh.umn.edu/what-wellbeing created by Dr. Mary Jo Kreitzer, used with permission From the U of M Center for Spirituality and Healing Center

DEFINING WELLBEING

Wellbeing is a state of balance or alignment in body, mind, and spirit. In this state, we feel content, connected to purpose, people, and community; peaceful and energized; resilient and safe.



IT'S HAPPENING...

GETTING PREPARED FOR THE NEXT NORMAL

INTRODUCTION TO EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Definition: Emotional Intelligence (EI) is the ability to understand and manage your own emotions and those of others.

Key Points:

- El is critical for effective leadership.
- El involves self-awareness, self-regulation, motivation, empathy, and social skills.

EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Your ability to recognize and understand emotions in yourself and others, and your ability to use this awareness to manage your behavior and relationships.

Drs. Travis Bradberry and Jean Greaves

Emotional Intelligence 2.0





EMOTIONAL AND SOCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BEING ABLE TO MANAGE YOUR THOUGHTS, SPEECH, ACTIONS, EMOTIONAL RESPONDS, AND PERCEPTIONS.



Emotional intelligence is the "something" in each of us that is a bit intangible. It affects how we manage behavior, navigate social complexities, and make personal decisions that achieve positive results.

Travis Bradberry & Jean Greaves, 2009

PositivePsychology.com

IMPORTANCE OF EI IN LEADERSHIP

Why El Matters:

- Enhances decision-making
- Improves communication
- Builds stronger relationships
- Fosters a positive work environment

WHAT IS EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Recognizing, understanding, expressing and managing your emotions and the emotions of others.

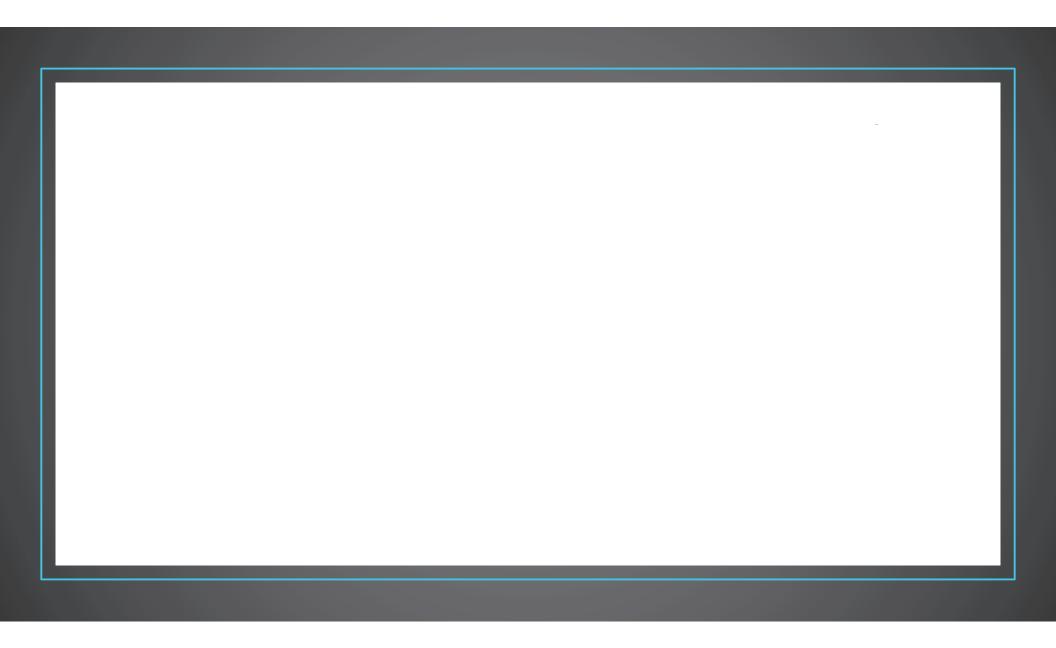
- Understanding your own emotions
- Picking up on others' cues
- Managing your responses/reactions to others
- Being appropriate in social situations
- Developing relationships
- Treating others well
- Helping others manage their emotions

EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE IS NOT.....

- Being smart
- IQ
- Controlling others' emotions
- Manipulating others
- Extroversion
- Introversion

- Just being nice
- Suppressing emotions
- Giving free rein to emotions
- Attempting to be a robot
- Being passive





EMOTIONS, MOODS, FEELINGS

What is an emotion?

Why is it valuable to understand what you are feeling?

Why is it important?

How do feelings affect your mood?

Our emotions and moods can be contagious

DEFINING EMOTIONS, MOOD, AND FEELING

Definitions:

- **Emotion:** a mental state that arises spontaneously rather than through conscious effort and is often accompanied by physiological and behavioral changes in the body.
- Mood: a particular state of mind or outlook at a particular time.
- Feeling: an emotional state or reaction; an awareness by your body.

PRIMARY EMOTIONS HAPPEN IN THE MOMENT/REAL TIME; THEY MOVE US TO ACTION.

- Joy
- Happiness
- Fulfillment
- Contentment
- Peace
- Fear
- Shame

- Sadness
- Hurt
- Guilt
- Frustration
- Dissatisfaction
- Disappointment

SECONDARY EMOTIONS ARE COMPLICATED AND BUILT UP; THEY HINDER US

- Disapproval
- Disdain
- Hatred
- Coldness
- Hostility
- Persecution complex
- Paranoia
- Distrust

- Worry
- Anxiety
- Insecurity
- Low self-esteem
- Self-hatred
- Depression
- Anger/Rage
- Jealousy

WHEN OUR EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE IS ACTIVATE

Traffic
Awakened by a scary noise
Yelling at work
Worrying email/phone call

Impending deadline

Bad news

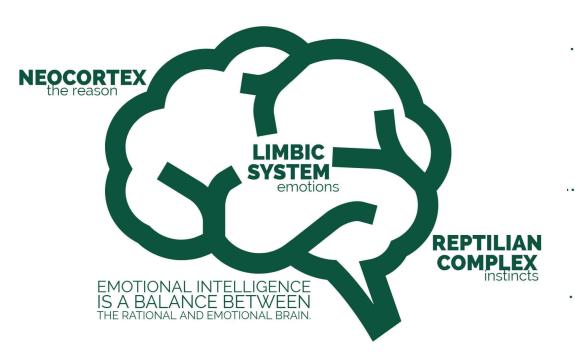
Activated

Activation of "lower" brain regions
Irrational, kneejerk reaction, entirely emotional
"Scream and Yell"

Activation of "higher" brain regions

Calm response, combination of emotion and logic

"Work to fix it"



SUBCONSCIOUS TO CONSCIOUS THOUGHT



WHAT HAPPENS HERE?

- · Heart Rate
- Breathing
- Balance
- · Compulsive Behavior

WHAT HAPPENS HERE?

- Memories of Emotions
- Value Judgments
- · 'Gut Feelings'

OF DECISIONS MADE HERE.

95%

fast processing emotion driven cares about here 8



NEOCORTEX

WHAT HAPPENS HERE?

- Language
- · Abstract Thought
- Imagination
- Consciousness
- 2. Logical/Conscious Thought slow & effortful
- future focused
- not a primary driver of decision making

DRIVING FORCE BEHIND THE DECISION MAKING PROCESS.

SELF AWARENESS

SOCIAL AWARENESS

4 KEYS TO EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

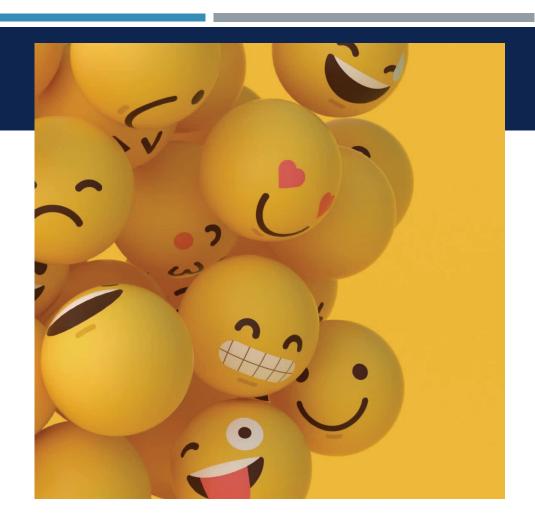
SELF REGULATION RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

SELF AWARENESS

The ability to recognize and understand your moods, emotions, and drives. As well as their effect on others.

Hallmarks:

- Self Confidence
- Realistic Self-Assessments
- Self-Deprecating Sense of Humor



SELF AWARENESS (INTROSPECTIVE)

- Slowing Down
- Understanding your thoughts and feelings
- Processing your emotions..."Why do I feel some type of way!?!?!"
- Visit your values
- Check yourself
- Know who and what pushes your buttons
- Stop and ask yourself why you do the things you do
- Seek feedback



WHY YOU NEED SELF AWARENESS

Individuals need emotional self-awareness to be attunement to their inner signals, recognizing how their feelings affect them and their rapport with the others.

There is an inner dialogue that provides you the ability to control your emotions and impulses.

Many of us need to move from judgement to curiosity. When we do this, we connect dots that are there, rather than connecting ones that are not.

SOCIAL AWARENESS

The ability to understand the emotions of the people you deal with.

Hallmarks:

- **Empathy**
- Organizational Awareness
- Services Orientation





- All about staying in Control....
- Knowing Your Values and why they are your Values
- Holding yourself Accountable
- Greet people by name
- Watch body language
- Live in the moment, be present
- Practice the art of listening
- Step into their shoes

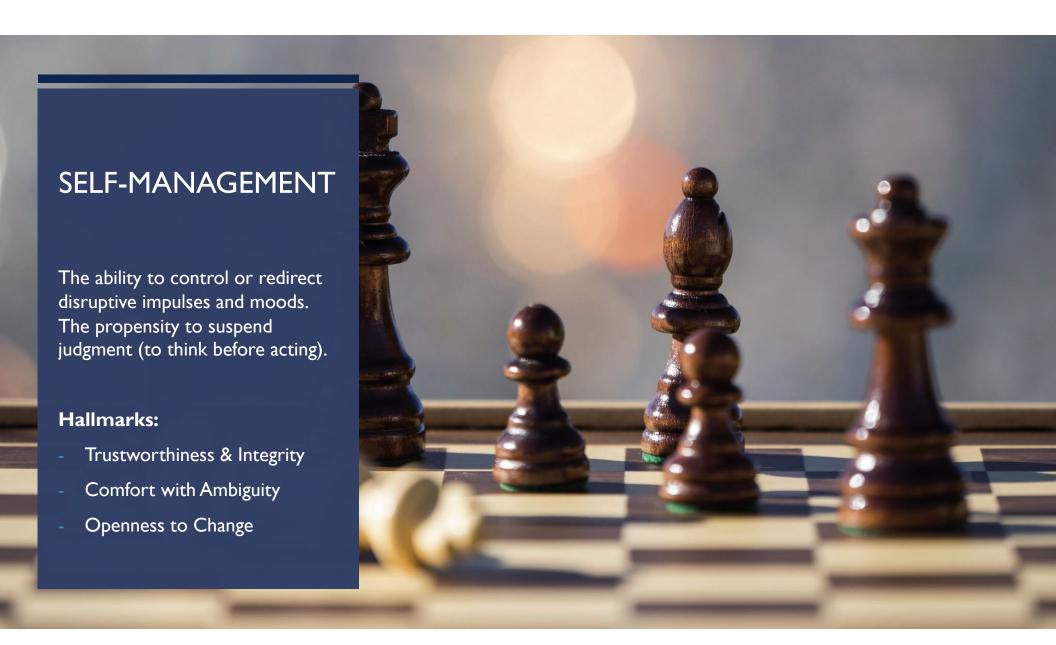


WHY YOU NEED SOCIAL AWARENESS

Because you do the work of a leader, because you care, and you are aware of what others may need your leadership.

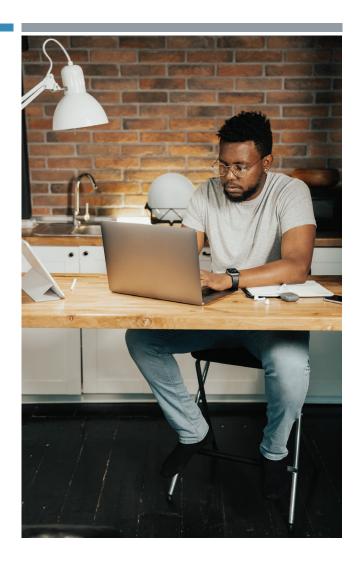
Usually, this is a sign that you have strong social skills are typically good at connecting with others.

Rather than focus on their own success first, you also are interested in helping others develop and shine.



SELF MANAGEMENT (PROACTIVE)

- Being Proactive vs. Reactive
- Examine your Mistakes and your Successes (Why did that work or not work???)
- Having a Personal Code (A Constructive way of getting things done in any situation!)
- Practice being Calm, Count to ten
- Take control of your self-talk
- Smile and laugh more
- Learn a valuable lesson from everyone you encounter



WHY YOU NEED SELF MANAGEMENT You can maintain yourself from becoming too angry, frustrated, and to a point of burnout.

Don't make impulsive, careless decisions

You begin to think before they react

RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT (SOCIAL SKILLS)

Proficiency in managing relationships and building networks. An ability to find common ground and build rapport.

Hallmarks:

- Effectiveness in Leader Change
- Persuasiveness
- Services Orientation



RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT (REACTIVE)

- Pay attention to Language (Body, Tone, "Code Words")
- Develop Conflict Management Skills
- A healthy amount of Empathy for others.
- Be open and curious
- Take feedback well
- Build trust
- Acknowledge the other person's feelings
- Tackle a tough conversation
- Remember the little things that pack a punch



WHY YOU NEED RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT

Everything is nothing going to be positive and "Happy-Go-Lucky."

Building bonds, Cultivating, and navigating networks are important for relationship development.

Building a caring relationship involving transparency is a big part of rapport building.

There can be teamwork and collaboration between adults and youth.

"IN ORDER TO BE SUCCESSFUL AND FULFILLED NOWADAYS, YOU MUST LEARN TO MAXIMIZE YOUR EQ SKILLS, FOR THOSE WHO BLEND REASON AND FEELING ACHIEVE THE GREATEST RESULTS."

Drs. Travis Bradberry and Jean Greaves



ADDITIONAL COMPONENTS OF EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

THE KEY INGREDIENT: EMPATHY

As a result, looking at things from the other's perspective and what they may be experiencing.

In a personal relationship, it's easy to understand why we want to know what's happening in the other person's life. It is equally important in business relationships.

When we yell at someone, how does it make that person feel? When we shut down and tune out, how does that make someone feel? What do OUR actions do to others..... something to think about!

DEVELOPING EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE

Steps to Improve El:

- Self-Reflection: Regularly assess your emotions and reactions.
- Seek Feedback: Gain insights from others.
- Practice Mindfulness: Stay present and attentive.
- Develop Empathy: Actively listen and understand others' perspectives.
- Enhance Communication:
 Clearly express your thoughts and emotions.



PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS OF EI IN LEADERSHIP

Building Trust:

- Be transparent and honest.
- Show empathy and understanding.

Conflict Resolution:

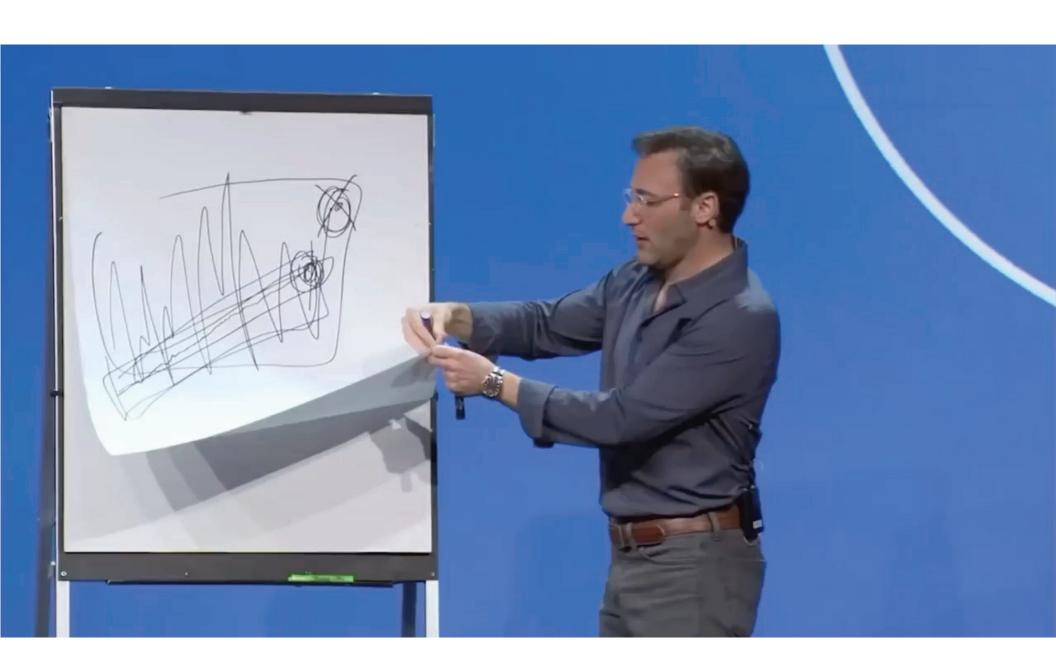
- Address issues calmly and objectively.
- Focus on solutions, not blame.

Team Motivation:

- Recognize and celebrate achievements.
- Provide constructive feedback.

Adaptability:

- Be open to change and new ideas.
- Encourage innovation and creativity.



CASE STUDIES AND EXAMPLES

- Example 1:Transformational Leadership
- Leader A used El to turn around a struggling team.
- Implemented open communication and active listening.
- Resulted in increased morale and productivity.
- Example 2: Conflict Management
- Leader B resolved a major conflict by understanding the underlying emotions.
- Used empathy and negotiation skills to find a mutually beneficial solution.

CONCLUSION AND Q&A

Summary:

- El is essential for effective leadership.
- Developing El can lead to better decision-making, improved relationships, and a positive work environment.

Questions: Any questions or comments.

EQ ACTION PLAN

- I. Pick an El skill to work on.
- 2. Pick 3 strategies to begin using for your chosen skill.
- 3. Choose an El partner.
- 4. Keep the following in mind as you apply:
 - Expect success, not perfection
 - Practice, practice, practice
 - Be patient
- 5. Measure your progress



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- Books:
- 'Emotional Intelligence' by Daniel Goleman
- 'Primal Leadership' by Daniel Goleman, Richard Boyatzis, and Annie McKee
- Websites:
- Emotional Intelligence Consortium (eiconsortium.org)
- Mind Tools (mindtools.com)

REFERENCES

I. Books

- Goleman, D. (2017). *Emotional Intelligence: Why It Can Matter More Than IQ* (10th Anniversary Edition). Bantam Books.
- Bradberry, T., & Greaves, J. (2021). *Emotional Intelligence 2.0*. TalentSmart.

2. Articles

- Cherniss, C., & Goleman, D. (2020). "Emotional Intelligence and Its Role in Leadership." *Harvard Business Review*. Retrieved from [HBR](https://hbr.org/2020/10/emotional-intelligence-and-its-role-in-leadership)
- Ashkanasy, N. M., & Humphrey, R. H. (2017). "Current Emotion Research in Organizational Behavior." *Journal of Organizational Behavior*. Retrieved from [Wiley Online Library](https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/job.2186)
- Goleman, D. (2018). "What Makes a Leader: Revisiting Emotional Intelligence." *Harvard Business Review*. Retrieved from [HBR](https://hbr.org/2018/01/what-makes-a-leader-revisited)

3. Research Papers

- Mayer, J. D., Caruso, D. R., & Salovey, P. (2016). "The Ability Model of Emotional Intelligence: Principles and Updates." *Emotion Review*. Retrieved from [SAGE Journals](https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/1754073916639667)
- Wong, C. S., & Law, K. S. (2017). "The Effects of Leader and Follower Emotional Intelligence on Performance and Attitude: An Exploratory Study." *The Leadership Quarterly*. Retrieved from [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1048984316301188)

4. Websites

- MindTools. (2021). "Emotional Intelligence in Leadership." Retrieved from [MindTools](https://www.mindtools.com/pages/article/newLDR 45.htm)
- PositivePsychology.com. (2019). "Emotional Intelligence and Leadership: The Basics." Retrieved from [PositivePsychology](https://positivepsychology.com/emotional-intelligence-leadership/)

5. Videos

- TEDx Talks. (2018). "Daniel Goleman: Why Aren't We More Compassionate?" [YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7tRdDqXgs]0)
- Harvard Business Review. (2020). "Goleman on Emotional Intelligence in Leadership." [YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZsdqBCItHTA)

6. Reports

- Goleman, D. (2018). "The Brain and Emotional Intelligence: New Insights." *More Than Sound*. Retrieved from [More Than Sound](https://www.morethansound.net/the-brain-and-emotional-intelligence-new-insights/)